Correlation of visceral fat area with waist-hip ratio, waist circumference and body mass index in healthy adults

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ABSTRACT

Introduction: The accumulation of visceral fat (VF) is highly correlated with metabolic abnormalities that contribute to highrisk type 2 diabetes mellitus and cardiovascular diseases. VF can be estimated by using instrument such as Bio Impedance Analyzer (BIA). Measurement of Waist-Hip Ratio (WHR) can be used as a proxy for VF. The aim of this study was to find correlation of Visceral Fat Area (VFA) with (WHR), Waist Circumference (WC) and Body Mass Index (BMI) in healthy adults. Methods: This is a cross-sectional study that obtained baseline data from "TOCOVIF" trial which involved 60 healthy subjects in Penang. Data was analyzed by using SPSS version 22.0. Results: Majority were males (83%, n=50) and 17% were females. The subjects with high VF were selected for this study. Majority of males (84%) had WHR >0.9 and all females had WHR >0.8. We found a significant correlation between WHR and VFA (r=0.359, p<0.05) among males while no significant correlation among females (r=0.519, p=0.124). There was a significant correlation between WC and VFA (r=0.768, p<0.05) for males and no significant correlation for females (r=0.482, p=0.159). As for BMI and VFA, there was a significant correlation for males (r=0.934, p<0.05) and females (r = 0.755, p<0.05). Conclusion: Correlation was found between WHR and VFA in males but not in females. A larger study needs to be conducted as the measurement of WHR is simple and inexpensive tool to use as a surrogate to measure VF.